

WILLIAMS INSPECTION SERVICES, LLC 540-533-7475 williamsinspectionservices@gmail.com http://www.williamsinspectionservices.com



WILLIAMS INSPECTION SERVICES RESIDENTIAL REPORT

6684 Carpers Pike Yellow Spring, WV 26865

Walter Winkles MARCH 27, 2023



Inspector Matt Williams VA License# 3380001383 NRS; WV HI5337475-0919; WV Radon Mitigation Contractor License #000355; Virginia Radon Mitigation Contractor License #RMC 2705175791 540-533-7475 williamsinspectionservices@gmail.com



Agent Ned Stock Berkshire Hathaway PenFed Realty +1 (703) 868-7065 ned.stock@penfedrealty.com

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1: Cover Letter and Thank you!	4
2: Inspection Details	5
3: Structural Components	7
4: Roofing	11
5: Exterior	12
6: Plumbing	17
7: Electrical	21
8: Heating	24
9: Air Conditioning	25
10: Interiors	26
11: Built-in Appliances	32
12: Insulation and Ventilation	34
13: Fireplaces and Fuel-Burning Appliances	35
Standard of Practice	36

SUMMARY

- 3.1.1 Structural Components Foundation, Basement & Crawlspaces: Observations
- 3.2.1 Structural Components Floor Structure: Floor structure observations
- ⊖ 3.5.1 Structural Components Roof Structure & Attic: Visible light to the exterior
- 🕞 3.5.2 Structural Components Roof Structure & Attic: Front porch damage
- ⊖ 5.1.1 Exterior Siding, Flashing & Trim: Siding observations
- 5.4.1 Exterior Decks, Balconies, Porches & Steps: Observations
- ⊖ 5.6.1 Exterior Vegetation, Grading, Drainage & Retaining Walls: Negative Grading
- 🕞 5.6.2 Exterior Vegetation, Grading, Drainage & Retaining Walls: High Grade
- ⊖ 5.6.3 Exterior Vegetation, Grading, Drainage & Retaining Walls: Downspout Drain at Foundation
- ⊖ 6.1.1 Plumbing Fixtures / Faucets: Faucet/fixture drip
- ⊖ 6.1.2 Plumbing Fixtures / Faucets: Sulphur smell Well
- ⊖ 6.1.3 Plumbing Fixtures / Faucets: Low Pressure
- ⊖ 6.2.1 Plumbing Drain, Waste, & Vent Systems: S-Trap Configuration
- ⊖ 6.3.1 Plumbing Water Heater: Evidence of previous leaking
- 7.4.1 Electrical Connected Devices and Fixtures: Light Inoperable
- 7.4.2 Electrical Connected Devices and Fixtures: Damaged Receptacle(s)
- 7.7.1 Electrical Smoke Detectors: Bedrooms recommended
- 7.7.2 Electrical Smoke Detectors: Smoke alarms dated
- 7.8.1 Electrical Carbon Monoxide Detectors: No Carbon Monoxide Detectors Present
- O 10.1.1 Interiors Walls: Evidence of Previous Water Damage
- ⊖ 10.1.2 Interiors Walls: Paneling observations
- O 10.2.1 Interiors Ceilings: Discoloration/Growth
- O 10.2.2 Interiors Ceilings: Evidence of water damage
- ⊖ 10.3.1 Interiors Floors: Damaged (General)
- 🕒 10.3.2 Interiors Floors: Evidence of possible pest activity
- 10.4.1 Interiors Steps, Stairways & Railings: Baluster Spaces Too Wide
- 10.4.2 Interiors Steps, Stairways & Railings: No Handrail
- 10.6.1 Interiors Doors: Landing
- 🕒 10.7.1 Interiors Windows: Broken Window
- 10.7.2 Interiors Windows: Windows not latching
- O 10.7.3 Interiors Windows: Inoperable window
- 11.4.1 Built-in Appliances Range/Oven/Cooktop: Range Not Fastened

1: COVER LETTER AND THANK YOU!

IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected

 IN
 NI
 NP
 O

 NP = Not Present
 O = Observations

Information

Thank you for choosing Williams Inspection Services, LLC to perform your home inspection. The inspection itself and the attached report comply with the requirements of the Standards of Practice of the American Society of Home Inspectors. This document defines the scope of a home inspection.

Clients sometimes assume that a home inspection will include many things that are beyond the scope. We encourage you to read the Standards of Practice (http://www.homeinspector.org/docs/standards.pdf) so that you clearly understand what things are included in the home inspection and report.

The report has been prepared for the exclusive use of our client. No use by third parties is intended. We will not be responsible to any parties for the contents of the report, other than the party named herein.

The report is effectively a snapshot of the house, recording the conditions on a given date and time. Home inspectors cannot predict future behavior, and as such, we cannot be responsible for things that occur after the inspection. If conditions change, we are available to revisit the property and update our report.

The report itself is copyrighted, and may not be used in whole or in part without our express written permission.

Again, thanks so much for choosing Williams Inspection Services, LLC for your home inspection needs. Sincerely,

Matthew Williams on behalf of Williams Inspection Services, LLC

2: INSPECTION DETAILS

Information

In AttendanceOccupancyStClient's AgentVacantCTemperature (approximate)Type of BuildingW50 Fahrenheit (F)Single FamilyC

Style Colonial

Weather Conditions Clear, Recent Rain

Important Information

The Report contains a Grouping of Major Concerns (RED), Moderate Concerns (ORANGE), and Maintenance Concerns (BLUE) noted that, in the inspectors professional opinion, need further evaluation, repair, or attention. The colors and classifications are done for illustrative purposes and convenience. All issues should be considered and evaluated equally.

CONCERN CATEGORIES:

MAINTENANCE CONCERN

Maintenance items, DIY items, or recommended upgrades will fall into this category. These concerns will ultimately lead to Moderate Concerns and Major Concerns if left neglected for extended periods of time. These Concerns may be more straightforward to remedy.

MODERATE CONCERN

Most items will fall into this category. Concerns that inevitably lead to, or directly cause (if not addressed in a timely manner) adverse impact on the value of the home, or unreasonable risk (Unsafe) to people or property. These concerns typically require further evaluation or may be more complicated to remedy.

MAJOR CONCERN

A specific issue with a system or component of a residential property that may have a significant, adverse impact on the value of the property, or that poses an

unreasonable risk to people or property. These Concerns are often imminent or may be very difficult or expensive to remedy or pose a safety hazard.

Directional

For directional purposes, the wording in this report is as if you are facing the front door of the structure.

Limitations

General

OLDER HOMES

Due to the age of the home, systems, components and construction practices may not be up to modern standards and adjustments to everyday living may be needed. Things including but not limited to, location and number of electrical outlets and switches, presence of or amount of insulation, type of heating source, safety of stairways, functionality of doors and windows, etc. Additionally, older homes require regular upkeep and maintenance and structural settling of some sort has likely occurred since construction. It is likely over the years that some areas of the home were added on to and/or were upgraded and different individuals may have worked at the structure. It is recommended that information on permits for all past work be obtained and reviewed.

General

OUTBUILDINGS

Any outbuildings, Additional structures, detached garages, detached carports and sheds were not inspected.

3: STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS

		IN	NI	NP	0
3.1	Foundation, Basement & Crawlspaces	Х			Х
3.2	Floor Structure	Х			Х
3.3	Wall Structure	Х			
3.4	Ceiling Structure	Х			
3.5	Roof Structure & Attic	Х			Х
	IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Pres	ent	0 = 0	Observ	ations

Information

Inspection Method Entered Attic, Visual, Entered Crawlspace

Floor Structure: Material Wooden Joists

Ceiling Structure: Material Wood Foundation, Basement &FloorCrawlspaces: MaterialBasenMasonry Block, Poured Concrete,Floor

Floor Structure: Sub-floor Plank, Inaccessible

Stone

Roof Structure & Attic: Material Wood, Plank



Floor Structure: Basement/Cellar/Crawlspace/Slab Floor Dirt/Gravel

Wall Structure: Material Wood

Roof Structure & Attic: Type Gable

Foundation, Basement & Crawlspaces: General Maintenance

Recommend maintaining consistent soil moisture content around the perimeter of the foundation throughout the year

Limitations

General

ATTIC ACCESS

Some areas of the attic were inaccessible due to height clearances, ductwork, insulation, appliances and mechanical systems.

General **CRAWLSPACE ACCESS LIMITED**

Some areas of the crawlspace were inaccessible due to height clearances. Recommend a licensed structural engineer evaluate the structure and develop a plan for repairs.

General

LIMITED ACCESS

Due to significant observations in other areas, the main structure crawlspaces were not entered.

Observations

3.1.1 Foundation, Basement & Crawlspaces

OBSERVATIONS

The crawlspace accesses are undersized by modern standards and large portions of the foundation were not visible for inspection due to lack of access at the exterior and lack of clearance at the crawlspace. Recommend a licensed foundation repair contractor and/or structural engineer evaluate the structure and develop a plan for repair. Additionally, there is a large crack at the foundation below the laundry area.



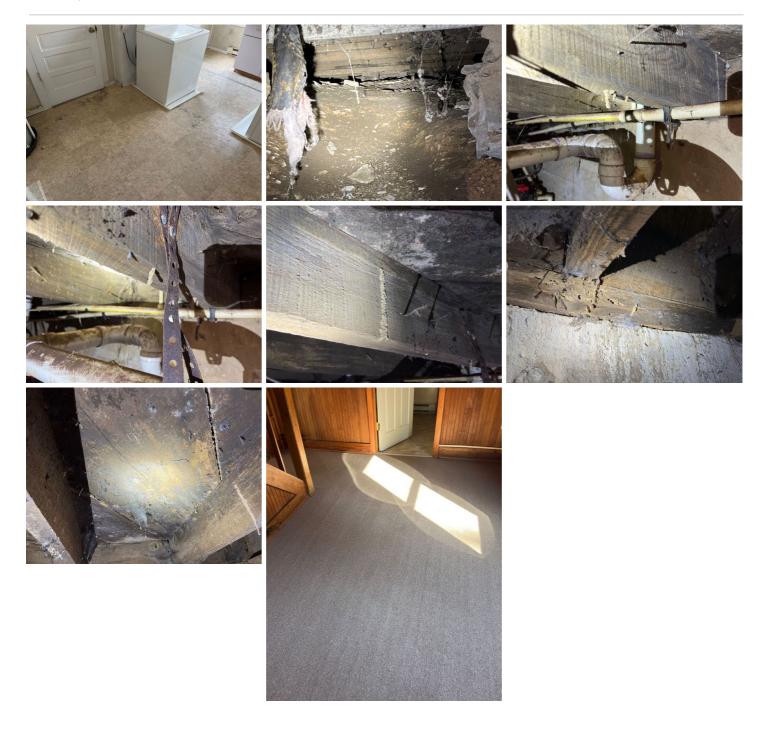
3.2.1 Floor Structure

FLOOR STRUCTURE OBSERVATIONS

Large areas of the floor structure below the main living areas of the home were inaccessible due to lack of adequate clearance from the floor structure to grade below the home. The extent of any damaged and condition of the structure is unknown. Below the laundry room, there is evidence of significant deterioration and lack of support throughout the floor structure and subfloor. A large majority of the deterioration appears to be due to previous wood destroying insect activity. In many areas above this location the floor is unstable/soft and a potential safety hazard. It is recommended that a licensed structural engineer evaluate the floor structure of the entirety of the home and that a plan of repair be developed and completed. The extent of damage hidden behind wall coverings is unknown.



Safety Hazard



3.5.1 Roof Structure & Attic VISIBLE LIGHT TO THE EXTERIOR



At the attic, there is visible light to the exterior. Recommend properly sealing the attic from the exterior to avoid pest or moisture intrusion.



3.5.2 Roof Structure & Attic

FRONT PORCH DAMAGE

The front porch ceiling is deteriorated near an area that looks to be damaged by previous water intrusion likely from full gutters/openings in the metal roof. Recommend a qualified contractor repair.



4: ROOFING

					IN	NI	NP	0
4.1	Coverings					Х		
4.2	Roof Drainage Systems					Х		
4.3	Flashings					Х		
4.4	Skylights, Chimneys & Roof Penetrations					Х		
		IN = Inspected	NI = Not Inspected	NP = Not Pres	ent	O = (Observ	ations

Information

Coverings: Material

Metal

5: EXTERIOR

		IN	NI	NP	0
5.1	Siding, Flashing & Trim	Х			Х
5.2	Windows	Х			
5.3	Exterior Doors	Х			
5.4	Decks, Balconies, Porches & Steps	Х			Х
5.5	Eaves, Soffits & Fascia	Х			
5.6	Vegetation, Grading, Drainage & Retaining Walls	Х			Х
5.7	Walkways, Patios & Driveways	Х			
5.8	Garage Door			Х	
	IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Pres	sent	O = (Dbserv	ations

Information

Inspection Method Visual	Siding, Flashing & Trim: Siding Material Vinyl	Siding, Flashing & Trim: Siding Style Lap
Exterior Doors: Exterior Entry	Decks, Balconies, Porches &	Decks, Balconies, Porches &
Door	Steps: Appurtenance	Steps: Material
Wood, Glass	Covered Porch	Wood

Walkways, Patios & Driveways:

Driveway/Walkway Material Gravel

General Maintenance

While this home inspection is designed to focus on items considered to be significant in nature at the time of the inspection, there are multiple items that can be found at most every home that require regular maintenance and upkeep. The following items are a small list of items considered deficiencies requiring maintenance and upkeep but are not a comprehensive list:

- Sealing exterior penetrations to the structure (typically found at A/C refrigerant line penetrations, gas line penetrations, sump pump drain line penetrations, etc).

- Sealing trim seams at siding transitions and transitions with differing siding types.

- Sealing window seams at siding and trim transitions.

While these items are considered general maintenance items required annually, it is very important to keep up with this maintenance to avoid moisture intrusion and pest entry.

Views





Vegetation, Grading, Drainage & Retaining Walls: General Maintenance

Recommend maintaining at least four inches of clearance between the ground level and the masonry sidings and six inches of clearance between the ground level and wood and/or composite sidings. Recommend maintaining proper drainage away from the base of the foundation. Additionally, recommend trimming/maintaining tree limbs and foliage away from contact with the structure and at least 5ft away from roof coverings.

Observations

5.1.1 Siding, Flashing & Trim

SIDING OBSERVATIONS



The exterior windows do not appear to be properly flashed and the window sills/trim are deteriorated. Recommend repair by a qualified contractor.



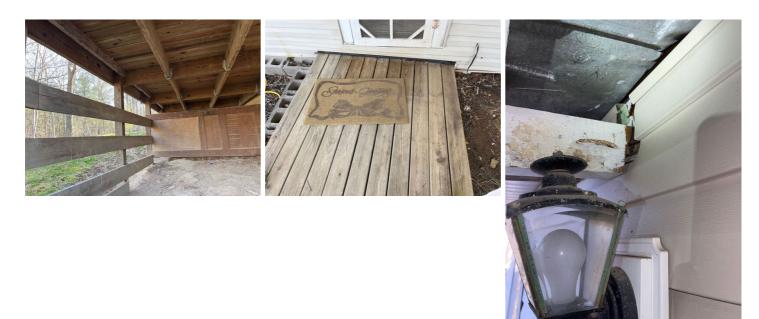


5.4.1 Decks, Balconies, Porches & Steps

OBSERVATIONS

Safety Hazard

The rear covered deck area support structure is not secured to modern standards, the front side porch deck is sloped toward the structure and unstable and the side front porch roof is separated from the structure. Recommend repairs be made by a licensed contractor.



5.6.1 Vegetation, Grading, Drainage & Retaining Walls **NEGATIVE GRADING**



The grading is sloping towards the home and/or is level in some areas. This could lead to water intrusion at the exterior foundation walls and unwanted settling. Recommend consulting with a landscape contractor and maintaining at least 6 inches of grade slope away from the foundation for the first 10 feet (roughly 5% slope). If proper sloping cannot be achieved in some instances a swale may be installed.

Here is a helpful article discussing negative grading.





5.6.2 Vegetation, Grading, Drainage & Retaining Walls

HIGH GRADE

At the exterior, there are areas where the grade is higher than recommended. Recommend maintaining at least 4 inches of clearance from the grade to masonry style sidings and trim and 6 inches to wood, vinyl and composite sidings and trim. This is a conducive condition for Wood Destroying Insect (WDI) activity and potential moisture intrusion. The extent of any WDI activity or water damage at the wall/floor cavities is unknown. In some instances regrading may be necessary.



5.6.3 Vegetation, Grading, Drainage & Retaining Walls **DOWNSPOUT DRAIN AT FOUNDATION**



One or more downspouts drain too close to the home's foundation or their extensions are damaged and possibly allowing spillage near the foundation or porch. This can result in excessive moisture in the soil at the foundation, which can lead to foundation/structural movement and/or moisture intrusion at foundation walls. Recommend adjusting downspout extensions to drain at least 6 ft. away from the foundation.

Here is a helpful DIY link and video on draining water flow away from your house.



6: PLUMBING

		IN	NI	NP	0
6.1	Fixtures / Faucets	Х			Х
6.2	Drain, Waste, & Vent Systems		Х		
6.3	Water Heater	Х			Х
6.4	Vents, Flues, & Chimneys			Х	
6.5	Sump Pumps / Sewage Ejectors			Х	
6.6	Fuel Storage & Distribution Systems		Х		
	IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Pres	ent	O = (Observ	ations

Information

Main Water Shut-Off Device	
(Location)	
Crawlspace	

Source Well **Water Heater: Capacity** 40 Gallons

Water Heater: Location Washer/Dryer Area



Water Heater: Manufacturer Whirlpool Water Heater: Power Source Electric

Water Heater: Water Heater Age

7 years



Note:

The inspection does not include piping that is not visible such as inside walls, underground, etc...Determining the potability of any water supply is beyond the scope of a home inspection. Clothes washing machine and ice maker hose bibs are not inspected unless readily accessible at the time of the inspection. A shower pan flood test is beyond the scope of a home inspection.

Water Heater: Water Heater Maintenance

Water heaters should be flushed annually to prevent sediment buildup and maintain efficiency. Here is a DIY link to help.

Limitations

General

SEPTIC NOT INSPECTED

Any septic systems, septic system components and accessories were not inspected. It is highly recommended that the septic system be dug up and inspected by a qualified septic inspection company prior to closing.

General

WELL NOT INSPECTED

The well and all well accessories were not inspected. It is highly recommended that you have the well inspected by a qualified well inspection company and a water quality test performed prior to closing.

General

WATER SOFTENER/TREATMENT SYSTEM

The water softener/treatment system was not inspected. It is recommended that the system be maintained/inspected prior to closing and cleaning be performed as needed.

Observations

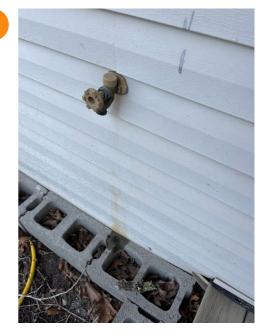
6.1.1 Fixtures / Faucets

FAUCET/FIXTURE DRIP

EXTERIOR

A faucet/fixture is dripping. Recommend evaluation and repair as necessary.

Here is a helpful article in case you DIY.



6.1.2 Fixtures / Faucets

SULPHUR SMELL - WELL

At the time of the inspection, the hot water had a sulphur smell. This can be caused by a water heater needing servicing or by a condition with the well. A water test is beyond the scope of a home inspection, however is always recommended with a well system.

6.1.3 Fixtures / Faucets

LOW PRESSURE

At the time of the inspection there was low water pressure when operating multiple plumbing fixtures simultaneously. Recommend further evaluation by a licensed plumber and repairs be made as necessary.

6.2.1 Drain, Waste, & Vent Systems

S-TRAP CONFIGURATION

KITCHEN, BATHROOM SINK

There is an S-Trap configuration at the sink drain line. It is recommended that a proper P-Trap be installed to avoid potential for plumbing gases to backup from the sink drain and to allow for proper venting of the drain.







6.3.1 Water Heater

EVIDENCE OF PREVIOUS LEAKING

- Recommendation

There is evidence of previous leaking at the water heater/ connections. Recommend monitoring these locations for future leaking and repairs be made as necessary.



7: ELECTRICAL

		IN	NI	NP	0
7.1	Service Entrance Conductors	Х			
7.2	Service and Grounding Equipment, Main Overcurrent Device, Main and Distribution Panels	х			
7.3	Branch Circuit Conductors, Overcurrent Devices and Compatibility of Their Amperage & Voltage	х			
7.4	Connected Devices and Fixtures	Х			Х
7.5	Polarity and Grounding of Receptacles	Х			
7.6	GFCI & AFCI	Х			
7.7	Smoke Detectors	Х			Х
7.8	Carbon Monoxide Detectors		Х		
	IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Pres	sent	O = (Observ	ations

Information

Branch Wire	15	and	20	AMP
Copper				

Wiring Method Romex

Service Entrance Conductors: Electrical Service Conductors Overhead, Aluminum



Service and Grounding Equipment, Main Overcurrent Device, Main and Distribution Panels: Panel Capacity 200 AMP Service and Grounding Equipment, Main Overcurrent Device, Main and Distribution Panels: Panel Locations Main Level

Service and Grounding Equipment, Main Overcurrent Device, Main and Distribution Panels: Panel Type Circuit Breaker

Do I need an Electrician?

There are multiple items within the electrical system of a home that a homeowner may feel qualified to repair on their own. It is important to remember that a homes electrical system can be dangerous for someone who is not trained to perform repairs. It is recommended that all electrical evaluations and repairs be performed by an electrician licensed to perform such work.

Note:

220 Volt outlets are not inspected. In the event that Aluminum branch circuit wiring is reported; it is recommended that it be reviewed by a licensed electrical contractor. Copper-clad Aluminum branch circuit wiring is not reported unless it is labeled as such at the electrical panel.

Smoke Detectors: Note:

Smoke alarms should be tested monthly, batteries replaced annually and detectors/alarms replaced at least every 10 years as recommended by the fire department.

Carbon Monoxide Detectors: Note:

Carbon monoxide alarms should be tested monthly, batteries replaced annually and detectors/alarms replaced at least every 10 years (from date of purchase) as recommended by the fire department. Additionally, carbon monoxide alarms should be installed on each level of the home.

Observations

7.4.1 Connected Devices and Fixtures **LIGHT INOPERABLE** VARIOUS THROUGHOUT INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR

Service and Grounding Equipment, Main Overcurrent Device, Main and Distribution Panels: Panel Manufacturer Square D



One or more lights are not operating or were missing bulbs. New light bulb possibly needed. Recommend confirming operation of the fixture with a licensed electrician to confirm fixture replacement is not necessary.

7.4.2 Connected Devices and Fixtures

DAMAGED RECEPTACLE(S)

REAR COVERED PORCH

There is a damaged electrical receptacle(s). Recommend replacement by a licensed electrician.

7.7.1 Smoke Detectors

BEDROOMS RECOMMENDED

Recommend installation of smoke detectors to modern standards and in at least every sleeping room and outside of every sleeping room and in each level of the home.

7.7.2 Smoke Detectors

SMOKE ALARMS DATED

The smoke alarms appear to be past their recommended life span. Recommend replacement of smoke alarms older than 10 years of age.

7.8.1 Carbon Monoxide Detectors

NO CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS PRESENT

At the time of the inspection, there were no carbon monoxide detectors installed within the structure. While carbon monoxide detectors are not required to be installed in a home unless it is a rental, it is recommended that there be one installed on each floor of the home.









Safety Hazard



8: HEATING

		IN	NI	NP	0
8.1	Heating Equipment	Х			
8.2	Distribution Systems	Х			
8.3	Vents, Flues & Chimneys			Х	
	IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Pres	ent	O = (Observ	ations

Information

Heating Equipment: Energy Source Electric Heating Equipment: Filter Type N/A Heating Equipment: Heat Type Electric Baseboard

Distribution Systems: Ductwork

Ductless

Limitations

General

GAS HEATER OFF

Power and fuel were not supplied to the gas heater and therefore it was not inspected.



9: AIR CONDITIONING

		IN	NI	NP	Ο
9.1	Cooling Equipment			Х	
9.2	Distribution System			Х	
	IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Pres	sent O = Obser		Observ	ations

10: INTERIORS

		IN	NI	NP	0
10.1	Walls	Х			Х
10.2	Ceilings	Х			Х
10.3	Floors	Х			Х
10.4	Steps, Stairways & Railings	Х			Х
10.5	Countertops & Cabinets	Х			
10.6	Doors	Х			Х
10.7	Windows	Х			Х
	IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected NP = Not	Present	0 =	Observ	ation

Information

Walls: Wall Material Drywall, Paneling

Countertops & Cabinets: Cabinetry Wood

Windows: Window Type

Double-hung, Casement

Windows: Note:

Ceilings: Ceiling Material Paneling, Drywall

Countertops & Cabinets: Countertop Material Laminate Floors: Floor Coverings Carpet, Linoleum

Windows: Window Manufacturer Pella, Unknown

Double pane insulated windows may have broken seals / gaskets without showing signs of "fogging" due to various factors such as indoor/outdoor climate change, glazing surface conditions, and window screens. Only obviously "fogged" windows at the time of the inspection are noted.

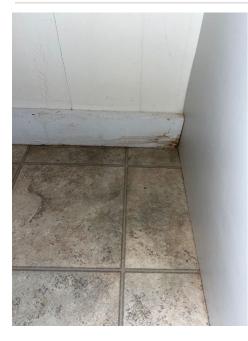
Observations

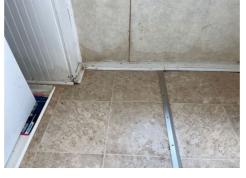
10.1.1 Walls

EVIDENCE OF PREVIOUS WATER DAMAGE

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY ROOM

There is evidence of previous water staining/damage at the wall. The extent of any water damage at the wall cavity is unknown. Recommend consulting with the seller about the damage.





10.1.2 Walls

PANELING OBSERVATIONS

The wall paneling is buckled/damaged. This can be a sign of previous water damage and/or improper installation. Recommend evaluation and repair. The extent of damage behind walls and paneling is unknown.



10.2.1 Ceilings DISCOLORATION/GROWTH THROUGHOUT HOME



Discoloration and/or water staining is present at the ceiling. We did not test or determine if this growth is or is not a health hazard. The underlying cause is moisture. Recommend contacting a mold inspector or qualified expert for investigation and correction as necessary. The extent of any damage at the ceiling cavities is unknown.

Here is an informative page from the EPA about mold in homes.

10.2.2 Ceilings EVIDENCE OF WATER DAMAGE

MAIN LIVING ROOM, KITCHEN, UPSTAIRS BELOW CHIMNEY AREA

There is evidence of water damage at the ceiling covering. The extent of any water damage at the ceiling cavity is unknown. Recommend evaluation and repairs be made by a licensed contractor. Recommend consulting with the seller about this damage.











10.3.1 Floors



The flooring was damaged in multiple areas throughout the structure.



10.3.2 Floors EVIDENCE OF POSSIBLE PEST ACTIVITY



THROUGHOUT THE STRUCTURE

There Is evidence of what appears to be possible previous pest activity in the form of droppings. Recommend a qualified pest control specialist evaluate.

10.4.1 Steps, Stairways & Railings **BALUSTER SPACES TOO WIDE**



The baluster/handrail spacing is not up to modern safety standards. The space between balusters should not allow passage of a 4 3/8inch sphere for child safety. Recommend installation to modern standards.

10.4.2 Steps, Stairways & Railings

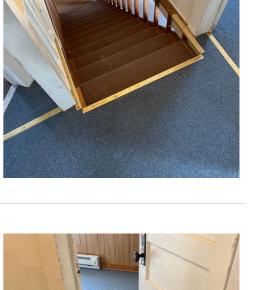
NO HANDRAIL

The stairway had no handrails or the handrails in some areas, were not continuous or were insufficient as required by modern standards. This is a safety hazard. Recommend repairs be made as needed.

10.6.1 Doors

LANDING

The landing outside of the upstairs rear right bedroom is insufficient and installed in a manner that may be a potential fall risk. Recommend repairs be made.











Safety Hazard

BROKEN WINDOW LAUNDRY ROOM There is a broken window pane in need of replacement.

10.7.2 Windows

WINDOWS NOT LATCHING

MAIN LIVING ROOM MULTIPLE WINDOWS, UPSTAIRS REAR RIGHT BEDROOM

There is a window latch that does not line up as intended causing the window latch to be inoperable. Recommend repairs be made.



10.7.3 Windows

INOPERABLE WINDOW



The window does not latch and/or open as intended or no latches are present. This is a potential safety hazard. Recommend repair.







11: BUILT-IN APPLIANCES

		IN	NI	NP	0
11.1	Garbage Disposal			Х	
11.2	Dishwasher			Х	
11.3	Refrigerator	Х			
11.4	Range/Oven/Cooktop	Х			Х
	IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Pres	sent	0 = (Observ	ations

Information

Range/Oven/Cooktop: Exhaust	Ran
Hood Type	Ran
Re-circulate	G

Range/Oven/Cooktop: Range/Oven Brand GE Range/Oven/Cooktop: Range/Oven Energy Source Electric

Refrigerator: Note:

Ice makers, coffee and refrigerator water dispensers are only visually inspected.

Range/Oven/Cooktop: Note:

The self-cleaning function and/or the self-bake function are not inspected. Timers and clocks are not inspected.

Limitations

General

NOTE:

Appliances are only operated in Normal Operation Settings. Additionally, only built-in microwave ovens are inspected. The inspector does not test for radiation leakage.

General

DATED APPLIANCES

The kitchen appliances are dated. Recommend budgeting for future replacement.



Observations

11.4.1 Range/Oven/Cooktop **RANGE NOT FASTENED**

The range was not fastened to the floor. This poses a safety hazard to children.



12: INSULATION AND VENTILATION

		IN	NI	NP	0
12.1	Attic Insulation	Х			
12.2	Vapor Retarders		Х		
12.3	Ventilation	Х			
12.4	Exhaust Systems	Х			
	IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Pres	ent	O = Observations		ations

Information

Dryer Power Source	Dryer Vent	Flooring Insulation
220 Electric	Metal	None
Attic Insulation: Insulation Type	Attic Insulation: Insulation Depth	Ventilation: Ventilation Type
Cellulose	6 inches	Soffit Vents, Ridge Vents

Exhaust Systems: Exhaust Fans

None

Exhaust Systems: General Maintenance:

Recommend cleaning the dryer vent upon move in and every six to twelve months or as needed.

Limitations

Vapor Retarders

13: FIREPLACES AND FUEL-BURNING APPLIANCES

		IN	NI	NP	0
13.1	Fireplaces, Stoves & Inserts		Х		
13.2	Fuel-buring Accessories			Х	
13.3	Chimney & Vent Systems		Х		
	IN = Inspected NI = Not Inspected NP = Not Pres	ent	O = Observation		ations

Information

Туре

Woodstove

Limitations

General

CHIMNEY INSPECTION LIMITED

The inspection of the chimneys was limited to that which was visible at the exterior of the chimney. Only a very small portion of the chimney flue can be seen during a standard home inspection and it is recommended that the fireplace chimney flues be inspected and cleaned (as needed) by a professional chimney sweep prior to closing. Additionally, for gas-fired units the inspector does not confirm proper arrangement of logs, etc. The inspector simply confirms the unit fires up as intended.

STANDARDS OF PRACTICE

Structural Components

3. STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS 3.1 The inspector shall: A. inspect structural components including the foundation and framing. B. describe: 1. the methods used to inspect under floor crawlspaces and attics. 2. the foundation. 3. the floor structure. 4. the wall structure. 5. the ceiling structure. 6. the roof structure. 3.2 The inspector is NOT required to: A. provide engineering or architectural services or analysis. B. offer an opinion about the adequacy of structural systems and components. C. enter under floor crawlspace areas that have less than 24 inches of vertical clearance between components and the ground or that have an access opening smaller than 16 inches by 24 inches. D. traverse attic load-bearing components that are concealed by insulation or by other materials.

Roofing

5.1 The inspector shall: A. inspect: 1. roofing materials. 2. roof drainage systems. 3. flashing. 4. skylights, chimneys, and roof penetrations. B. describe: 1. roofing materials. 2. methods used to inspect the roofing. 5.2 The inspector is NOT required to inspect: A. antennas. B. interiors of vent systems, uses, and chimneys that are not readily accessible. C. other installed accessories.

Exterior

4.1 The inspector shall: A. inspect: 1. wall coverings, flashing, and trim. 2. exterior doors. 3. attached and adjacent decks, balconies, stoops, steps, porches, and their associated railings. 4. eaves, soffits, and fascias where accessible from the ground level. 5. vegetation, grading, surface drainage, and retaining walls that are likely to adversely affect the building. 6. adjacent and entryway walkways, patios, and driveways. B. describe wall coverings. 4.2 The inspector is NOT required to inspect: A. screening, shutters, awnings, and similar seasonal accessories. B. fences, boundary walls, and similar structures. C. geological and soil conditions. D. recreational facilities. E. outbuildings other than garages and carports. F. seawalls, break-walls, and docks. G. erosion control and earth stabilization measures.

Plumbing

6.1 The inspector shall: A. inspect: 1. interior water supply and distribution systems including fixtures and faucets. 2. interior drain, waste, and vent systems including fixtures. 3. water heating equipment and hot water supply systems. 4. vent systems, flues, and chimneys. 5. fuel storage and fuel distribution systems. 6. sewage ejectors, sump pumps, and related piping. B. describe: 1. interior water supply, drain, waste, and vent piping materials. 2. water heating equipment including energy source(s). 3. location of main water and fuel shut-off valves. 6.2 The inspector is NOT required to: A. inspect: 1. clothes washing machine connections. 2. interiors of vent systems, flues, and chimneys that are not readily accessible. 3. wells, well pumps, and water storage related equipment. 4. water conditioning systems. 5. solar, geothermal, and other renewable energy water heating systems. 6. manual and automatic re-extinguishing and sprinkler systems and landscape irrigation systems. 7. septic and other sewage disposal systems. B. determine: 1. whether water supply and sewage disposal are public or private. 2. water quality. 3. the adequacy of combustion air components. C. measure water supply low and pressure, and well water quantity. D. fill shower pans and fixtures to test for leaks.

Electrical

7.1 The inspector shall: A. inspect: 1. service drop. 2. service entrance conductors, cables, and raceways. 3. service equipment and main disconnects. 4. service grounding. 5. interior components of service panels and subpanels. 6. conductors. 7. overcurrent protection devices. 8. a representative number of installed lighting fixtures, switches, and receptacles. 9. ground fault circuit interrupters and arc fault circuit interrupters. B. describe: 1. amperage rating of the service. 2. location of main disconnect(s) and subpanels. 3. presence or absence of smoke alarms and carbon monoxide alarms. 4. the predominant branch circuit wiring method. 7.2 The inspector is NOT required to: A. inspect: 1. remote control devices. 2. or test smoke and carbon monoxide alarms, security systems, and other signaling and warning devices. 3. low voltage wiring systems and components. 4. ancillary wiring systems and components not a part of the primary electrical power distribution system. 5. solar, geothermal, wind, and other renewable energy systems. B. measure amperage, voltage, and impedance. C. determine the age and type of smoke alarms and carbon monoxide alarms.

Heating

8.1 The inspector shall: A. open readily openable access panels. B. inspect: 1. installed heating equipment. 2. vent systems, uses, and chimneys. 3. distribution systems. C. describe: 1. energy source(s). 2. heating systems. 8.2 The inspector is NOT required to: A. inspect: 1. interiors of vent systems, uses, and chimneys that are not readily accessible. 2. heat exchangers. 3. humidifiers and dehumidifiers. 4. electric air cleaning and sanitizing devices. 5. heating systems using ground-source, water-source, solar, and renewable energy technologies. 6. heat-recovery and similar whole-house mechanical ventilation systems. B. determine: 1. heat supply adequacy and distribution balance. 2. the adequacy of combustion air components.

Air Conditioning

9.1 The inspector shall: A. open readily openable access panels. B. inspect: 1. central and permanently installed cooling equipment. 2. distribution systems. C. describe: 1. energy source(s). 2. cooling systems. 9.2 The inspector is NOT required to: A. inspect electric air cleaning and sanitizing devices. B. determine cooling supply adequacy and distribution balance. C. inspect cooling units that are not permanently installed or that are installed in windows. D. inspect cooling systems using ground source, water source, solar, and renewable energy technologies.

Interiors

10.1 The inspector shall inspect: A. walls, ceilings, and floors. B. steps, stairways, and railings. C. countertops and a representative number of installed cabinets. D. a representative number of doors and windows. E. garage vehicle doors and garage vehicle door operators. F. installed ovens, ranges, surface cooking appliances, microwave ovens, dishwashing machines, and food waste grinders by using normal operating controls to activate the primary function. 10.2 The inspector is NOT required to inspect: A. paint, wallpaper, and other finish treatments. B. floor coverings. C. window treatments. D. coatings on and the hermetic seals between panes of window glass. E. central vacuum systems. F. recreational facilities. G. installed and free-standing kitchen and laundry appliances not listed in Section 10.1.F. H. appliance thermostats including their calibration, adequacy of heating elements, self cleaning oven cycles, indicator lights, door seals, timers, clocks, timed features, and other specialized features of the appliance. I. operate, or confirm the operation of every control and feature of an inspected appliance.

Built-in Appliances

10.1 The inspector shall inspect: F. installed ovens, ranges, surface cooking appliances, microwave ovens, dishwashing machines, and food waste grinders by using normal operating controls to activate the primary function. 10.2 The inspector is NOT required to inspect: G. installed and free-standing kitchen and laundry appliances not listed in Section 10.1.F. H. appliance thermostats including their calibration, adequacy of heating elements, self cleaning oven cycles, indicator lights, door seals, timers, clocks, timed features, and other specialized features of the appliance. I. operate, or con rm the operation of every control and feature of an inspected appliance.

Insulation and Ventilation

11.1 The inspector shall: A. inspect: 1. insulation and vapor retarders in unfinished spaces. 2. ventilation of attics and foundation areas. 3. kitchen, bathroom, laundry, and similar exhaust systems. 4. clothes dryer exhaust systems. B. describe: 1. insulation and vapor retarders in unfinished spaces. 2. absence of insulation in unfinished spaces at conditioned surfaces. 11.2 The inspector is NOT required to disturb insulation.

Fireplaces and Fuel-Burning Appliances

12.1 The inspector shall: A. inspect: 1. fuel-burning replaces, stoves, and replace inserts. 2. fuel-burning accessories installed in replaces. 3. chimneys and vent systems. B. describe systems and components listed in 12.1.A.1 and .2. 12.2 The inspector is NOT required to: A. inspect: 1. interiors of vent systems, uses, and chimneys that are not readily accessible. 2. fire screens and doors. 3. seals and gaskets. 4. automatic fuel feed devices. 5. mantles and replace surrounds. 6. combustion air components and to determine their adequacy. 7. heat distribution assists (gravity fed and fan assisted). 8. fuel-burning replaces and appliances located outside the inspected structures. B. determine draft characteristics. C. move fireplace inserts and stoves or firebox contents.